WALL ASSEMBLY GUIDE

foamsulate

NFPA 285

Per Chapter 26 of the International Building Code, the wall assembly shall be tested in accordance with and comply with the acceptance criteria of NFPA 285. The listed assemblies in this document have met that criteria.

FOAMSULATE SPRAY FOAM INSULATION AS EXTERIOR AND/OR CAVITY INSULATION	
	 Concrete Wall Concrete Masonry Wall
BASE WALL SYSTEM Use item 1, 2, 3, or 4	 Steel Stud Wall – 1-layer ⁵/₄ inch thick type X gypsum wallboard on the interior, installed on minimum 3 inch deep, 20-gauge steel studs, spaced a maximum of 24 inches on center
	 Fire Retardant Treated (FRT) Stud Wall – 1-layer ⁵/₈ inch thick type X gypsum wallboard on the interior, installed on 2x4 (min.) Fire Retardant Treated studs spaced a maximum of 24 inches on center
FLOOR LINE FIRE STOPPING	1. 4 inch 4 pcf mineral wool (friction fit or installed with Z-Clips)
Use item 1 or 2	 Fire Retardant Treated (FRT) lumber – 1.5-inch-thick (min.) FRT firestop may only be used with FRT framing
CAVITY INSULATION	1. None
Use items 1, 2, or 3 when steel framing is used. Use item 1	 Full stud cavity depth or less of Foamsulate 50-HY, Foamsulate 50, Foamsulate 70, Foamsulate OCX, Foamsulate Closed Cell, Foamsulate HFO
or 3 when FRT framing is used.	3. Any Noncombustible or fiberglass insulation (faced or unfaced)
EXTERIOR SHEATHING	Minimum 1/2 inch thick exterior type gypsum sheathing
EXTERIOR INSULATION	3 in. max. Foamsulate Closed Cell, Foamsulate HFO

WALLS WITH FOAMSULATE SPRAY FOAM INSULATION ON THE EXTERIOR

	installation technique such as shiplap, with max. 2 in. air gap behind the cladding
	 Concrete Masonry Units – Min. 2 in. thick with max 2 in. air gap between exterior wall insulation and concrete masonry units
	 Stucco – Stucco – min. ¾ in. thick exterior cement plaster and lath with approved WRB over exterior insulation
	 Natural Stone (granite, limestone, marble, sandstone) – 2-inch (min.) using any standard non-open joint installation technique
EXTERIOR CLADDING	 Artificial Cast Stone – 1½ inch (min.) using any standard non-open joint installation technique.
Use only Items 1–7 when DC315 coating system is not used	 Terra Cotta Cladding – 1¼ inch (min.) using any standard non-open joint installation technique
	8. Aluminum Cladding - 0.030 in. min. thickness - non-open joint
Use any of Items 1–20 when exterior SPF is coated with IFTI DC315 (16 mil WFT) with topcoat paint (8 mils WFT Sherwin Williams Sher-Cryl or equivalent)	9. Steel Cladding – 0.0149 in. min. thickness – non-open joint
	10. Copper Cladding – 0.0216 in. min. thickness – non-open joint
For Items 8–20, Air Gap cannot Exceed 2½ inches. All	11. Zinc Cladding – 0.040 in. min. thickness – non-open joint
claddings non-open joint. Panel claddings may use vertical or horizontal Z girt attachment. Panel claddings may be vertical or horizontal	 Terreal Zephir Evolution Rainscreen System (or similar terra cotta), minimum %-in. thick – non-open joint
	13. 1/4 In. Min. Fiber Cement Cladding - non-open joint
	14. SwissPearl Carat Panels - 0.315 in. min. thickness - non-open joint
	15. FunderMax M.Look (min. ¼ in.) – non-open joint
	16. Concrete – min. 1 in. thick - non-open joint
	17. CMU – min. 1 in. thick – non-open joint
	18. Stone Veneer – minimum 1 in. thick – non-open joint
	19. One Coat Stucco – 3⁄2 in. (min.) exterior cement plaster and lath – non-open joint
	20. Thin Brick adhered (with non-combustible mortar) to stucco base (min. ¾ in.) – non-open joint
WINDOW/DOOR PERIMETERS/FLASHINGS	The window opening perimeters shall be per UL Design Listings EWS0013, EWS0029, or EWS0054, as applicable

brick. Brick Ties/Anchors 24-inch OC (max.)

1. Brick - Nominal 4-inch clay brick or veneer with a maximum 2-inch air gap behind the

2. Precast Concrete Panels - min. 11/2 in. thick using any standard non-open joint